

# New Medicine Service - list of medicines

September 2011

The medicines selected for inclusion in the NMS are those that are listed in the chapters/sub-sections, detailed below, of the current edition of the British National Formulary ([www.bnf.org](http://www.bnf.org)).

## *Asthma and COPD*

BNF Ref	BNF sub-section descriptor
3.1.1	Adrenoceptor agonists
3.1.2	Antimuscarinic bronchodilators
3.1.3	Theophylline
3.1.4	Compound bronchodilator preparations
3.2	Corticosteroids
3.3	Cromoglicate and related therapy, leukotriene receptor antagonists and phosphodiesterase type-4 inhibitors

## *Type 2 Diabetes*

6.1.1.1	Short acting insulins*
6.1.1.2	Intermediate and long acting insulins*
6.1.2	Antidiabetic drugs

## *Antiplatelet/Anticoagulant therapy*

2.8.2	Oral anticoagulants
2.9	Antiplatelet drugs

## *Hypertension*

2.2.1	Thiazides and related diuretics
2.4	Beta-adrenoceptor blocking drugs*
2.5.1	Vasodilator antihypertensive drugs
2.5.2	Centrally acting antihypertensive drugs
2.5.4	Alpha-adrenoceptor blocking drugs*
2.5.5	Drugs affecting the renin-angiotensin system*
2.6.2	Calcium-channel blockers*

\* where the community pharmacist can determine that the medicine has been newly prescribed for a patient with the specified condition. It is assumed that in most cases, the pharmacist will be able to determine the condition for which the new medicine is being prescribed from the PMR or by asking the patient.

The following page contains a list of generic drug names which are listed in the above BNF sub-sections (BNF 61, March 2011). This list is provided as an aid for pharmacists; for an up to date and definitive list of medicines that are included in the BNF sub-sections listed above the BNF should always be consulted. Medicines in the BNF sub-sections listed above which are normally only available for parenteral use in secondary care have been excluded from this list.

Specials containing one or more of the active ingredients listed below would be eligible for provision of the NMS.

# New Medicine Service - list of medicines

acarbose	fosinopril*	olmesartan*
acebutolol*	glibenclamide	oxprenolol*
acenocoumarol	gliclazide	perindopril*
aliskiren	glimepiride	phenindione
ambrisentan	glipizide	phenoxybenzamine
aminophylline	hydralazine	pindolol*
amlodipine	iloprost	pioglitazone
aspirin	imidapril*	prasugrel
atenolol*	indacaterol	prazosin*
bambuterol	indapamide	propranolol*
beclometasone	indoramin*	quinapril*
bendroflumethiazide	insulin*	ramipril*
bisoprolol*	ipratropium	repaglinide
bosentan	irbesartan*	rivaroxaban
budesonide	isradipine	roflumilast
candesartan*	labetalol*	salbutamol
captopril*	lacidipine	salmeterol
carvedilol*	lercanidipine	saxagliptin
celiprolol*	liraglutide	sildenafil
chlortalidone	lisinopril*	sitagliptin
ciclesonide	losartan*	sitaxentan
cilazapril*	metformin	sodium cromoglicate
clonidine	methyldopa	tadalafil
clopidogrel	metolazone	telmisartan*
cyclopenthiiazide	metoprolol*	terazosin*
dabigatran	minoxidil	terbutaline
diltiazem	moexipril*	theophylline
dipyridamole	mometasone	timolol*
doxazosin*	montelukast	tiotropium
enalapril*	moxonidine	tolbutamide
ephedrine	nadolol*	trandolapril*
eprosartan*	nateglinide	valsartan*
exenatide	nebivolol*	verapamil
felodipine	nedocromil	vildagliptin
fenoterol	nicardipine	warfarin
fluticasone	nifedipine	xipamide
formoterol	nimodipine	zafirlukast

\* Where the community pharmacist can determine that the medicine has been newly prescribed for a patient with the specified condition (see page 1)